Utilisation of special central assistance for Economic Rehabilitation of Rural Poor

571. SHRI GAYA CHAND BHUYAN: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Special Central Assistance allocated to Orissa under the Tribal Sub-Plan and the Scheduled Castes Special Component Plan for the year 1986-87 is being utilised under the Economic Rehabilitation of Rural Poor (E.R.R.P.) Scheme by the Government of Orissa;

(b) if so, whether the Central Government have allowed the State Government to spend the S.C.A. funds under the Economic Rehabilitation of Rural Poor though a separate provision has already been made under the State Plan for the year 1986-87;

(c) what is the quantum of funds in the Seventh Five Year Plan earmarked for Orissa under the ERRP; and

(d) what is the manner in which tthe Central Government are monitoring the implementation of this scheme?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRI GIRDHAR GOMANGO): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) During the Seventh Plan period the estimated flow of founds for Economic Rehabilitation of Rural Poor Programme will be:

Rs. in lakhs

	State Plan	Special Central Assistance
Tribal Sub-Plan .	600	1550
Special Component Plan . .	600	1060

(d) The specific monitoring of the scheme is done by the State Government of Orissa. The Central Government monitors the total number of families covered under the beneficiary oriented programmes under point 7(b) of the 20 Point Programme.

Unauthorised colonies in Delhi

572. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are multiple authorities responsible to check the growth of unauthorised colonies, illegal commercialisation of buildings and unauthorised constructions;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating the coordinating agency, if any, in this regard; and

(c) what are the main causes for failure to check the growth of unauthorised colonies in the city and other illegal building activities stating the measures contemplated by Government to effectively tackle this problem?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b) The following authorities are responsible to deal with unauthorised colonies|constructions within their respective jurisdictions:—

1. DDA
2. MCD.
3. NDMC.
4. Delhi Cantonment Board.

However, dealing with the non-conforming use, including illegal commercialisation of buildings all over Delhi, is the responsibilities of the DDA in accordance with the provisions of Delhi Development Act. Chief Secretary, Delhi Administration is the coordinating authority in this regard.

(c) The measures taken for prevention of encroachment on public land and unauthorised construction, are indicated in the annexed statement. The main reasons for all these steps not being able to cope with these problems are the continuous pressure of population, inadequate availability of dwelling units and persisting socio-economic factors.

Statement

The following remedial steps have been taken:—

(i) A directive was issued to all concerned that encroachment on public property should be checked in the very beginning and not allowed to become permanent when it becomes difficult to remove them.

(ii) The Delhi Development Act, 1957, the Delhi Municipal Corporation Act, 1957, the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (as applicable to New Delhi Municipal Committee area) and the Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupation) Act, 1971 were amended in May, 1984 to declare unauthorised construction and encroachment cognizable offences and also provide for Appellate Tribunal to hear appeals against the orders of demolition in Delhi to the exclusion of the jurisdiction of the Civil Courts. The provisions relating to the declaration of these as "cognizable offences' had been enforced last year. The provisions relating to setting up Appellate Tribunals have also since been enforced (with effect from 18-2-86 in respect of Delhi Municipal Corporation Act and Punjab Municipal Act and 24-2-86 in respect of Delhi Development Act).

(iii) A meeting was taken by the Home Minister on 18-6-85 in which guidelines were laid down for prevention and checking of unauthorised construction and it was decided to fix responsibility for this purpose at fairly high level in the concerned organisations.

Acquisition of deep sea fishing trawlers

573. SHRI P. N. SUKUL: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) what was the year-wise target for the acquisition of deep sea fishing vessels during the Sixth Five Year Plan period;

(b) what was the achievement of the said target, year-wise; and

(c) what are the reasons for shortfalls in the achievement of the said target and what corrective measures have so far been taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) and (b) The revised target for expansion of the fleet of deep sea fishing vessels during the Sixth Five Year Plan period was 200 Nos. Against this, 83 fishing vessels were in operation at the end of Plan period. No yearwise target for acquisition of vessels in the Sixth Plan period was fixed.

(c) The main reasons for the shortfall in acquisition of deep sea fishing vessels during the Sixth Plan period were as follows:

(i) Non-availability of soft loan facility in the beginning of the Plan period.

(ii) Withdrawal of the chartered foreign fishing vessels during the last years of the Plan period.

(iii) Absence of trained personnel.

(iv) Lack of information on fishery resources.